

SIX DOLLARS
PER QUARTER

11-11-74

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED, DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

DAKIN'S EFFERVESCENT SALINE POWDER.
Is cooling, refreshing, and invigorating. It relieves all stomach derangements. It relieves headache and sickness. It allays febrile symptoms. It quenches thirst.

75 cents per Bottle.
DAKIN'S OZONIZED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.
Purifies the Blood. Removes Skin Eruptions. Strengthens the System.
Is of special benefit to those suffering from the Enervating Effects of the climate.

\$1.50 per Bottle.
DAKIN'S VIN DE QUINQUINA.
This Wine will be found of great value as a Tonic in all cases where the system is depressed or where there is the slightest tendency to Malaria or Chills. It is prepared from the true Bark in combination with our Finest Port Wine, and is an admirable form of administering at the same time the strengthening properties of the Port. Price, \$1.50 per Bottle.

(Telephone No. 60.)
Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong, 30th June, 1890.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

BY APPOINTMENT.
A. S. WATSON & CO., LD
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)
HONGKONG.

WE invite attention to the following old landed brands, all of which are of excellent quality and good value for the money. The same being specially selected by our London House, and bought direct from the most noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best goods at moderate prices.

In ordering it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and initial letter for quality desired. Orders through Local Post or by Telegram receive prompt attention.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use.)

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule.....	10	1.00
B. Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule.....	12	1.10
C. Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.....	14	1.25
D. Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled).....	18	1.50

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
SHERRIES		
A. Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.....	6	0.60
B. Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.....	7.50	0.75
C. Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule.....	10	1.00
CC. Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.....	10	1.00
D. Very Superior Old Dry, choice, White Seal Capsule.....		
E. Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).....	14	1.50

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
CLARETS.		
A. Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.....	4	0.40
B. St. Estephe, Red Capsule.....	4.50	0.50
C. St. Julien.....	7	0.70
D. La Rose.....	11	1.00

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
BRANDY.		
A. Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.....	12	1.10
B. Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.....	14	1.25
C. Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.....	18	1.50
D. Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1872 Vintage, Red Capsule.....	24	2.00

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
SCOTCH WHISKY.		
A. Thorne's Blend, White Capsule.....	8	0.75
B. Watson's Glenlivet Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
C. Watson's Aboulay-Glenlivet, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
D. Watson's H. K. D. Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule.....	10	1.00
E. Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.....	12	1.10

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
IRISH WHISKY.		
A. John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.....	8	0.75
B. John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	10	1.00
C. John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	12	1.10
Genuine BOURBON WHISKY, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name.....	10	1.00

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
GIN.		
A. Fine Old Tom, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.45
B. Fine Unsweetened, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.45
C. Fine A. V. H. Geneva.....	5.25	0.50

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
RUM.		
Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.....	12	1.00
Good Lecward Island.....	1.50	per Gallon.

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
LIQUEURS.		
Benedictine.....		
Maraschino.....		
Curacao.....		
Herring's Cherry Cordial.....		
Chartreuse.....		
Dr. Slegert's Angostura Bitters, &c.		

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph," and not to the Editor.
Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.
Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
While the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the free publication of correspondence on all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.
Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than Three o'clock so as not to prevent the early publication of the paper.
Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until communicated.
The Hongkong Telegraph has the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East, and is therefore the best medium for Advertisers. Terms can be learned on application.
The Hongkong Telegraph's number at the Telephone Central Exchange is No. 11.

BIRTH.
At Solborne, Hongkong, on the 16th inst., the wife of ALGERNON M. A. EVANS, of a son.

DEATH.

At Woolwich, Kent, England, JAS. EDWARDS, last Examiner, I.M. Customs, in his 53rd year.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1890.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Firebrand has reached Shanghai.

The British steamer, which had assembled at Yokohama, sailed from that port for the north last Tuesday.

The Glenlyon, which arrived at Shanghai last Friday, rescued twelve sailors from a dismantled junk, on her way up from Hongkong.

Messrs. Butterfield & Swire inform us that the Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Palmyra*, from Liverpool, left Singapore for this port yesterday afternoon, and is due on the 27th inst.

BRITISH and corruption again! Colonel Fong has just "cannibled" the yamen-runners of the Victoria of Canton \$12,000 and received as return present the appointment of Commandant of Kowloon city and frontier, vice Colonel Lum Tung, whose term of office expires very shortly. Does the oaf-like Colonel chuck away \$12,000 for nothing? Hardly.

The Band of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders will play the following programme at the Officers' Mess, this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock:—

Overture, "Zampa".....Auber.
"The Girl of the Golden West".....Grove.
"The Girl of the Golden West".....Grove.
"The Girl of the Golden West".....Grove.
"The Girl of the Golden West".....Grove.

A Liberator is the title of a new Macan paper. It has the advantage of its contemporaries, at any rate, in having some news in it, and we hope to see it cutting out such rags as *O Macanese*, or the *Extremo Oriente*. We learn from it that Dr. Manuel Sandoz e Castro, secretary-general to the Governor, has instituted criminal proceedings against the editor of the *Macanese*, for casting reflections on his honor in a recent issue.

A TELEGRAM was received on the 9th inst. by the Japanese Home Department, from the Governor of Nagasaki, that seven cases of cholera have been discovered among the crew of the Mitsui Bishi Co.'s steamship *Asaga*, from Hongkong, which arrived on the 6th inst. It will be interesting and important to learn whether the disease developed prior to arrival, or after the crew had had communication with the shore.

At the British Police Court, Shanghai, last Tuesday, R. W. Brook, late Sergeant Major of the local Volunteers, was charged with embezzling \$234.52, the money of the Municipal Council. He had been arrested that morning on the *Strathleven*, which he had joined at Kobe as a sailor. He had been several days in port, but having shaved his eyebrows off escaped recognition. He was sentenced to three months imprisonment.

SHANGHAI papers report that a typhoon broke over the Settlement on Friday last, doing some damage and tearing up lamps, etc., ashore. The previous day Messrs. Butterfield & Swire heard from Guttsfist that their steamer the *Wenchow* was anchored, and in distress, off Taichow Island, her shaft having been broken during the typhoon. The *Kwangtung* reported having experienced a typhoon lasting fourteen hours, off Wenchow. The officers' cabins were torn off, railings and ironwork smashed, and several boats lost.

MR. Wodehouse held an enquiry at the Magistrate's Court this morning into the circumstances attending the death of a Chinaman who fell down the hold and broke his leg, while unloading the German steamship *Kien* in this harbour on the 16th of March last; and whose decease occurred at the Tung Wah Hospital, where he had been lodged ever since the accident, on the 13th inst. After hearing the evidence of a doctor of the Hospital, Inspector Cmelock, and the chief officer of the steamship *Kien*, his Worship found that death resulted from injuries received from an accidental fracture of the leg.

A NAUGHTY old tailor who perched himself on the roof of his house a couple of nights ago, and from that point of vantage "pelted" brick-bats into the parlour of No. 7, Era Lane, one of which hit pretty Miss Wong Lum on the chest, was "docked" before Mr. Robinson at the Police Court this morning, and charged with discharging missiles into the said house, and thereby endangering life and property. In defence old thirteen-and-six said that he hove the bricks at the young lady, "because she pointed a broom handle at him." The Magistrate ordered him to contribute \$10 to the coffers of a bloated monarchy, or go to gaol for one calendar month.

THE Peking correspondent of the *Shanghai Mercury* writes under date 9th July:—An Imperial Decree was issued yesterday to the Board of Defence and Board of Revenue in connection with the fund for providing railways. The last of a large foreign loan for the same purpose has also been sanctioned. The representatives of almost all the Treaty Powers have been busy tendering advice and, directly or indirectly, profess to assist the Imperial Government with reference to the big State loan of Tls. 30,000,000, since the edict to the Board of Revenue was issued; but it remains to be seen who will be successful.

WE have not gone every closely into the merits of the case *Cooper v. The Green Island Cement Company*, tried in the Summary Jurisdiction Court yesterday before Mr. Acting Justice Wise, but on perusing the evidence as reported in the public press we confess to being quite at a loss to discover on what grounds his Honour found for the defendant Company. Mr. J. D. Hutchison, who discharged the plaintiff, was also a director of the Company, although even that is a point open to question, but he certainly had no power, and Mr. C. Ewins has no authority to delegate such power as appears to have been exercised by Mr. Hutchison. We shall deal with this case editorially, and meanwhile we would like to know what Mr. Acting Justice Wise would say and do if he were called upon to work twelve hours every day, Sundays included, and all night if required, for four pounds sterling per week. Besides, there was not sufficient evidence to prove that the contract was rescinded by mutual agreement. We would not make these remarks if we did not know that there will be no appeal in the case, the unfortunate plaintiff having been left penniless ten thousand miles from home.

THE Japanese Official Gazette says:—Mr. Suzuki, our Consul at Hongkong, was relieved of his duties on the 5th inst.

AN English solicitor, Mr. Gray Hill, was recently kidnapped by some Arab rascals. It will not be in accordance with the traditions of the legal profession if Hill does not come out all right when the costs of this little business are taxed.

SUPREME COURT.

IN CHAMBERS.

(Before Mr. Fielding Clarke, Acting Chief Justice.)

JUDICIAL INVESTIGATION.

His Lordship held an investigation at the instance of Chan Kin Chu, into the ownership of some property belonging to J. F. Webber, late a solicitor in this colony, now in the possession of Mr. R. Fraser-Smith.

Mr. Mossop represented the petitioner, and Mr. Fraser-Smith appeared in person. Before the investigation was begun.

Mr. Hastings, on behalf of the plaintiff in a suit, applied for an order to compel Mr. Fraser-Smith to give up some papers relating to the case, which had been taken possession of by him along with the rest of Mr. Webber's property. Delivery had been hitherto refused, as Mr. Fraser-Smith had had an order served on him prohibiting him from parting with any of the property.

His Lordship pointed out that the order did not include documents of that kind.

Mr. Fraser-Smith therefore offered to give them.

Mr. Fraser-Smith was then sworn. He said:—I had a prohibitory order served on me in the suit of Chan Kin Chu, relating to books and furniture belonging to Mr. J. F. Webber, which had been removed to my premises on the 22nd June. The order was served on me on the 24th June. I claim the goods, as stated in my affidavit. From time to time I advanced money to Mr. Webber, between January 1889 and June 1890. The total amount was \$5,751, and he repaid me \$2,420. On the 16th May 1890, as I was doing some business with Chinese, and was in difficulties, and I hesitated to lend more without security, and he said he would give me a lien on his law-books and furniture. I lent him the money on that security, for one year, and produce his receipt. Here is the counterfoil, which was found in his drawer by Mr. Roddy since.

His Lordship:—Is there any dispute about the bona fide nature of the advance?

Mr. Mossop:—Oh! no.

Witness continued:—Between 8 and 9 o'clock on the morning of the 22nd June Mr. Webber called at my house, and said he had got into serious difficulties which would necessitate his leaving the colony at once, and that he had handed over his office furniture and books to me in part payment of his account, and his father would pay the difference as soon as he knew the facts. I tried to persuade him to stop, as he might possibly get out of the difficulties, but he said it was quite impossible. He testified at my house and afterwards took me to his office and handed over the books and furniture, which were removed at once by his servants and mine, as he determined to leave the Colony that night.

Mr. Mossop:—Before I cross-examine I would submit that Mr. Fraser-Smith has not established any claim at all.

His Lordship declined to hear arguments at that stage.

Mr. Fraser-Smith, cross-examined:—When the first document was entered into in May 1889 I accepted the receipt as valid. I knew it was not a good bill of sale. I had not the goods in pledge because I never had possession. I looked upon the matter as a receipt for money lent to a friend of several years' standing. I never enforced it when the year was up, and when he was there left over—I trusted to his honor to repay it. At the interview of the 22nd June he recognised that he owed me a large amount, and offered his property in part payment.

Mr. Mossop:—The fact that he owed you money gave you no right to his goods unless you had taken out a writ?

Witness:—I claimed the goods under a verbal contract made on the 22nd June, as all I could get. He assigned me the things. We had no legal argument about whether it abrogated the receipt or not.

His Lordship:—A receipt is not security—it is evidence.

Witness:—Then I had no security. Mr. Webber had spoken to me many a time about handing over the property to me if he left the colony. He did not specifically hand it over under the receipt. He gave me all the books and furniture, but after I had gone, and whilst my servants were in charge, another creditor came and took some. I am suing for the return of those goods which include the letter-book and some Chinese furniture, which he said belonged to him. Amongst the property handed over was a safe. Wong To Chun, the creditor in question, has the key, and promised to send it but did not. Webber's former clerk, Mr. Van Eps, who had been dismissed some weeks before, got the other key and the office diary, on which he said he had a lien. An action has been instituted against him for their return. I am the plaintiff, as the proprietor of the goods.

Mr. Mossop:—I put in the writ by which Mr. Webber, late of Victoria, is plaintiff, by his attorney R. Fraser-Smith.

Witness:—The diary and letter-book were Mr. Webber's, and I must accept an information against Mr. Webber who owned them. I am in the difficulty of not owning all the things, but I might overcome that by taking out two writs.

His Lordship:—Then the plaintiff at present is Mr. Webber.

Mr. Mossop put in a letter written to Wong on the 22nd June, in which witness said:—"My servant has just informed me that you have forcibly taken away from Mr. Webber's office, this evening, certain articles of furniture. I give notice that unless you return them before eleven o'clock to-morrow I shall swear an information against you for theft. If you have any claim against Mr. Webber you have your legal remedy. The action which you have taken is a crime for which you can be severely punished." It was signed "R. Fraser-Smith, attorney for J. F. Webber."

In a later letter he wrote to Messrs. Denny and Mossop, Wong's solicitors, and taxed Wong with having misappropriated \$400, taken out of Court. In a third letter Mr. Fraser-Smith stated that, as Webber's attorney, he was instructed to take action to recover the \$400, and having Wong to fight the matter out in the Police Court. He continued:—"I have already wired to Mr. Webber, who is at present in Canton, and shall no doubt receive full instructions this afternoon."

Mr. Mossop:—Have you any explanations to offer?

Mr. Fraser-Smith:—The letters speak for themselves.

His Lordship:—Were the articles that Wong removed part of the property transferred to you?

Mr. Fraser-Smith:—They were included.

His Lordship:—Then why do you address him as Webber's attorney?

Mr. Fraser-Smith explained that some of the things, such as the letter-book, belonged to Mr. Webber.

His Lordship:—You were going to commence criminal proceedings as Webber's attorney?

Mr. Fraser-Smith:—Yes, there are \$400 which he is alleged to have stuck to.

Mr. Mossop:—Has there been any settling of accounts between you and Mr. Webber?

Witness:—We struck a balance at the end of 1888—not since.

Mr. Mossop:—He has often acted as your solicitor, has he not?

Witness:—He did so several times.

When did you last pay him costs?—I think I only lost two or three cases, and won the others, and of course he got his costs. There never was any settlement as between solicitor and client.

Did you get a loan from him in February last?

Not that I am aware of. There was a loan on some shares in July last year.

Do you remember his pressing you for repayment, as the money belonged to a client?—It was \$1,000, which I borrowed last year on the security of sixty Fenwick shares. His client lent it to me for a few days. He certainly had no trouble in getting it back—it was never even demanded.

Do you remember his getting into some trouble a short time ago about a client's money—some \$1,200?

Witness explained in detail that Webber received an order to receive £350 from Messrs. Gilman & Co., wired from London to a gentleman who had gone to Borneo, and could not get it cashed, as by some mistake it had been sent to the Chartered Bank instead of to Gilman's. The money was urgently needed; it had to be paid into the bank, and as Mr. Webber was ill in bed he (the witness) gave a cheque for \$1,200. Shortly afterwards, the gentleman, a Mr. Leon, returned from Borneo, and the Bank paid the draft. He only lent the money on this occasion as it was to be a very serious matter. Webber already owed him far too much, and he could not afford to go any further.

His Lordship:—I suppose there is no inventory as to the value of the books?

Witness:—No; I should say that \$500 or \$600 would be the outside value of books and desks. The books are of no value to anybody but a lawyer.

His Lordship:—The question is whether you virtually took the books under this receipt or not. The law of this Colony defines what a bill of sale is, and if this receipt comes within that definition, and certain formalities were not complied with, this receipt is absolutely void, and your possession of this property would, so far as this document is concerned, be unjustified. It is difficult to decide, in the face of your evidence. You say that he gave you this receipt as a sort of lien on the property. A bill of sale gives a lien, and the question is—was this a bill of sale or a receipt? More than a year afterwards, when he is going away, he hands you over his books and furniture in part payment of what he owed you. I do not see why the stringent English law respecting bills of sale should be in force here, but in point of fact it is even more stringent here than in England.

Witness:—I have sworn that I did not regard it as a bill of sale, but simply as a receipt for money lent. If I had I should have had it registered, and of course as the money was not paid on due date it would have had to be renewed.

Mr. Mossop submitted that if the goods were handed over on a verbal agreement the act would still be illegal, as that would be altering the written agreement.

His Lordship:—I cannot follow your argument. However, if I consider that this is an unregistered bill of sale, and that possession was taken under it, I cannot believe that it was entirely excluded from consideration. But I had better take a little time to consider it.

Mr. Fraser-Smith:—If these things belonged to Mr. Webber and there was no execution granted against him, I submit that he had a right to hand them over to me in part payment of his debt.

His Lordship:—Yes, if it had not been for the existence of this receipt it would have been legitimate. There are two creditors claiming these things, and the matter must be settled strictly according to the law. If you took possession on the strength of this document the goods must go to the other creditor; if it was merely on a verbal agreement, without reference at all to the receipt, your claim would be good. I can quite understand that there was no express agreement as to—Webster said "I am going away, here are the books—I give them to you."

Mr. Fraser-Smith:—Should not I rely on the books and furniture to the extent of the other debt, when they were once handed over to me and my possession?

His Lordship:—Thought it might be and again it might not, and that he might simply be in the position of an ordinary creditor. He eventually decided to reserve judgment, remarking that he would like to think carefully over the matter, but that his present opinion was that the receipt on which the decision rested was an irregular bill of sale.

THE LAST OF BRANDT.

Mr. Fraser-Smith asked permission to refer to the case of Brandt v. Fraser-Smith, in which the plaintiff claimed \$70,000 for alleged libel. His Lordship had ordered early in June that, if proceedings were not taken within a month the case should be dismissed with costs.

Mr. Mossop thought it had been dismissed by default.

The suit was ordered to be dismissed with costs against Brandt.

Mr. Fraser-Smith asked for leave to apply to the Registrar to repay him the money that had been paid for a special jury.

Mr. Mossop did not object, and his Lordship gave the required leave.

ST. JOHN'S AMBULANCE SOCIETY.

A preliminary meeting of the Hongkong Police branch of the above Society was held at the Central Police Station at noon to-day, under the presidency of Major General Gordon. There was a good attendance.

The Chairman said that he was glad to hear of the large number of members of the Force who were given under the auspices of the Society, a society which had a very large field of useful labour before it. It afforded him infinite pleasure to announce that Dr. Cantlie had thoroughly approved of the scheme and had promised to lecture on Mondays and Thursdays for a period of five weeks, after which it was expected that those who had attended the lectures regularly would be able to pass a qualifying examination. Speaking for himself he gave him (the Chairman) the greatest pleasure to accept the presidency of the Society, and he hoped that many more members would send in their names to those who would be appointed as Hon. Secretaries. Dr. Cantlie had suggested that as there were over forty members the role of kindred societies should be followed here, by forming classes of 25 members in each division.

Inspector Swanton then stated that he had received the names of 57 who wished to be members of the Society. He proposed, and Mr. Ryan seconded, that the Committee be composed of Inspectors Matheson, Swanton, Ferry and Stanton; Sergeant Burdell, and Constables Smith, Gauld, Ross and McCracken. Carried unanimously.

Inspector Swanton then proposed, and Mr. Stanton seconded, that Messrs. Duggan and McIver be appointed secretaries of the Society. Carried unanimously.

The Chairman then announced that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government had been pleased to intimate his approval of the undertaking.

The proceedings then terminated.

YESTERDAY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The following portion of the proceedings at yesterday's Legislative Council was omitted from last night's issue:—

THE MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.

This Bill was read a third time and passed.

THE WATER WORKS BILL.

This Bill was read a third time and passed.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

His Excellency read the following speech:—Honourable Gentlemen—Before we adjourn to indulge in a short recess from our legislative duties it may be of interest to have brought before you a short retrospect of the work we have accomplished during the last few months and to be informed, in so far as I can inform you, of the position of the Colony at the present time. It was with regret that we learnt from Sir William De Vaux towards the beginning of this year, that ill-health compelled him to leave us for a while, but we trust that when he returns in December next he will do so with renewed vigour, so that he may be enabled to take in the future the same active interest in the welfare of this Colony as he has taken in the past.

A few months ago we welcomed in our midst a son and a daughter-in-law of our gracious Sovereign, and we have the gratification of feeling that their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught were well pleased with the brief visit they paid to this most Eastern point of Her Majesty's Colonial empire.

The number of Ordinances which we have passed during the present session has not been very great and I was in hopes that we might have been able to deal with several other matters, more or less ripe for our consideration.

We have, however, enacted some laws of importance. I may refer to "The Magistrates Ordinance," a very lengthy measure; "The Waterworks Ordinance;" "The Vaccination Ordinance;" an "Ordinance relating to the Falsification of Accounts;" besides other of less significance.

There are several matters which I trust will engage our attention when we meet again—such as a new law on Bankruptcy, the modification of our Emigration laws, the amendment of our laws concerning Opium, &c.

But the enacting of Ordinances is not the only work we have got through. We have adopted a new Code of Standing Rules and Orders for the regulation of our proceedings, more in accordance with the procedure we now follow and more in conformity with the Royal Instructions under which this Council is constituted.

The Finance Committee have had under their consideration many matters of importance, to carry out which it was necessary to apply for public moneys. It will always be my endeavour to consult this Council previous to undertaking measures which involve that cost which it is necessary for this Council to sanction. I do not hesitate to say that there are few Colonies in which Members of the Legislature are prepared to vote moneys so readily as here for what they consider essential in the public interest. But the more the Members of a Legislative body put trust in the proposals made for public expenditure, the less they regard with suspicion suggestions made in this direction, the more careful should a Government be in bringing such proposals before them and the more

will hardly result in the saving which you contemplate.

The Crown Agents have received instructions from a view to securing the services of Sergeant Johnson to whom your despatch No. 303 of the 24th of December last refers, for the post of Musketry Instructor and Officer in charge of Stores. A copy of the letter to them is enclosed.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient, humble Servant,
KNUTSFORD.
Governor Sir G. W. Des Vaux, K.C.M.G.,
&c., &c., &c.

DOWNING STREET,
7th February, 1890.

Gentlemen,—You will observe from the enclosed copies of despatches from the Governor of Hongkong that an Ex-Non-commissioned Officer is asked for to take charge of the Musketry Instruction and the stores in connection with the Police Force of the Colony, and that Sergeant Johnson has been recommended as a suitable man for the post by the Secretary to the Army and Navy Pensioners' Society.

2. I am to request you to be good enough to communicate with this Officer either directly or through the Society, and upon ascertaining that he is medically fit for service in the tropics to appoint him on three years probation, giving the Colonial Government the option either of paying his passage home at the end of that period or of retaining him on the footing of an ordinary Government servant.

3. The proposed salary you will see is at the rate of \$720 per annum and he should be given a free second class passage under the ordinary communication to be addressed to the War Office on the subject, as it appears hardly necessary, assuming that Johnson is entirely free of the Imperial Service beyond being in receipt of a pension.

I am, &c.,
(Signed) J. BRAMSTON.
The Crown Agents for the Colonies.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Hongkong 8th April, 1890.

My lord,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your lordship's despatch No. 26 of the 8th of February last, approving of Sir G. William Des Vaux's suggestion that the Adjutancy of the Police Force should be abolished and the appointment of Assistant Superintendent of Police revived in its place. Mr. Horspool being appointed to the latter post on two years' probation with a salary of \$220 per mensem.

2. Upon receiving your lordship's despatch I caused Major Dempster to be informed of your lordship's directions in the matter and proposed, as was suggested in the second paragraph of your despatch, that the changes should take effect in three months' time, viz. from the 1st of July next.

3. Mr. Horspool also received intimation to the same effect and has expressed his willingness to accept the post under the conditions mentioned by your lordship.

4. There is, however, a point connected with Mr. Horspool's appointment on which I should be glad to be favoured by your lordship's decision, viz. whether your lordship intends that Mr. Horspool should, under the Police Ordinance No. 14 of 1887, continue to be a subordinate officer or not?

5. Ordinance No. 9 of 1863 provided that there should be a Captain Superintendent and an Assistant Superintendent of Police, the latter to be included among the subordinate officers. This Ordinance was, with the exception of certain sections, repealed by Ordinance No. 14 of 1887, under which Ordinance there is no such officer mentioned as an Assistant Superintendent. The three superior officers provided for in this Ordinance (section 7) are the Captain Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent, and Adjutant, all the other officers coming within the classification of subordinate officers.

In the first schedule to this Ordinance no mention is made of a Deputy Superintendent, and the Ordinance did not probably contemplate the existence of an Adjutant and a Deputy Superintendent at the same time.

6. If it is your lordship's intention that Mr. Horspool should fill the position of a superior officer I would suggest that he should be called Deputy Superintendent rather than Assistant Superintendent, otherwise, in the Attorney-General's opinion, it will be necessary to amend the Ordinance.

But if Mr. Horspool ceases to be a subordinate officer he will, of course, lose the privileges accorded to subordinate officers under Ordinance No. 14 of 1887, such as the right of having a free passage home or the right to retire on a pension after five years' local service.

7. I enclose copy of a letter which has been received from Major Dempster in reply to the communication made to him. In this letter Major Dempster asks that he may be allowed to retain the post of Adjutant until his term of military service expires in this Colony, which I understand will be about the month of March next year.

If it is your lordship's intention that Mr. Horspool should become Deputy Superintendent of Police with the meaning of Ordinance No. 14 of 1887 as to replace the Captain Superintendent in case of absence, &c., I doubt whether Major Dempster would himself like to be under the orders of one who has hitherto been a subordinate to him in the same force. If, however, your Lordship contemplates Mr. Horspool remaining a subordinate officer while merely bearing the title of Assistant Superintendent there would probably be no great objection to Major Dempster retaining his post of Adjutant until the period mentioned, appointed for the present.

8. Your lordship refers to the conditions under which he was appointed Adjutant and I understand that what he says is correct, viz. that Sir George Bowen did fix the salary at £300 a year, but that in consequence of free quarters being provided it was reduced to \$100 a month.

9. I may add that so long as Mr. Des Vaux acts as Colonial Secretary and Major General Gordon as Captain Superintendent of Police, Major Dempster will probably continue to fill the post of the latter as Acting Superintendent of the Victoria Gaol, for which he will receive half salary in addition to his salary as Adjutant of Police, the duties of which post he is also performing.

10. Mr. Horspool has written to ask that the proposed changes in the Police Department should take place as soon as possible, but in presence of the circumstances I have above alluded to I do not feel able to sanction their being carried out before the date I have already mentioned.

11. I should be glad to hear, if possible, by telegram whether your Lordship sees any objection to Mr. Horspool being called Deputy Superintendent rather than Assistant Superintendent, presuming, of course, that it is your Lordship's intention that he should no longer continue a subordinate officer under Ordinance No. 14 of 1887.

I have the honour to be, &c.,
F. FLEMING.
The Right Honourable Lord Knutsford,
G.C.M.G., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary
of State for the Colonies, &c., &c., &c.

DOWNING STREET,
15th May, 1890.

SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 93 of the 8th ultimo respecting the appointment of Mr. Horspool to be Assistant Superintendent of the Police, and to inform you that I gathered from Sir W. Des Vaux's despatch No. 306 of the 15th of December that it was the intention, on the abolition of the Adjutancy to revive the Office of Deputy Superintendent, who should take the place of the Superintendent during the latter's absence. The term "Assistant Superintendent" appears to have been used merely by a slip of the pen.

Mr. Horspool may, however, have some hesitation in accepting on probation only, an office which would imply a forfeiture of his privileges as a "subordinate officer" under Ordinance No. 14 of 1887, and it seems to me not quite fair to Major Dempster to require him to resign, before the termination of his extended military service in Hongkong, an office on the faith of holding which he had accepted such extension of his military service.

In these circumstances I suggest for your consideration that Mr. Horspool, while retaining his title of Chief Inspector, should be appointed to act as Deputy Superintendent and Adjutant with an addition of \$50 a month to his pay, Major Dempster while acting as Superintendent of the Gaol receiving only half the pay of Adjutant of Police. Should Major Dempster cease to act as Superintendent of the Gaol before his extended military service expires, and it be not found possible to provide him with another suitable acting appointment, he would, of course, return to the Police for a time, and it would be necessary to ask the Legislative Council to vote an addition of \$50 a month to the pay of Mr. Horspool, who would continue to act as Deputy Superintendent, but subordinate to Major Dempster.

If, as seems probable, Major Dempster's term of military service in Hongkong should expire before a sufficient and satisfactory trial of Mr. Horspool as Deputy Superintendent had been made, the latter would continue to act as Deputy Superintendent on the terms, as regards salary, above mentioned.

Should you see no objection to the above proposals you have my authority for carrying them into effect.

I have the honour to be, &c.,
KNUTSFORD.
The Officer Administering the Government of Hongkong.

THE SURVEYOR GENERAL'S REPORT.

The subjoined report from the Hon. S. Brown, Chief of the Public Works Department, was laid on the table at the meeting of the Legislative Council held yesterday afternoon:—

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Hongkong, 10th July, 1890.

SIR.—Owing to my recent appointment and other causes I was prevented from making an annual report on the operations of the Public Works Department for 1889, but I have now the honour, by direction of His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, to submit an intermediate report. I propose in future, although such does not appear to have been the practice in past years, to send in at the close of each year a full and exhaustive report on the works executed during the year.

REPAIRS OF DAMAGE DONE BY THE GREAT STORM OF 29TH AND 30TH MAY, 1889.

2. With the exception of the bridge on the Kennedy Road and minor repairs to the bridge tracks to Stanley and Cape D'Aguilar these repairs are now completed, and but for the scars on the hillsides which are not yet altogether recovered by vegetation, hardly a trace remains of the ruin wrought by this storm. It has been found necessary to defer the reconstruction of the bridge over the Albany Channel for the nullah already commenced has been brought down to this point. It is very desirable that this training channel so far as the commencement of the military property near Mr. Kennedy's stables, and I am glad to learn that the military authorities contemplate carrying on the work through their lands to join the masonry channel below. When this work is completed the nullah will be effectively protected from the harbour upwards as far as the Tytan filter beds above the Bowen Road, distance of about 1,222 yards. I may add that the whole of the repairs of storm damage have been completed considerably within my estimate, although much more work than I had originally contemplated in the training of the Albany nullah has been executed. The length of nullah now finished from the service tank northwards is 216 yards, about 353 lineal yards of masonry channel have yet to be constructed by the Colonial Government and 203 lineal yards by military authorities.

GAP ROCK LIGHTHOUSE.
3. During the North East monsoon but little work could be done on the Gap Rock owing to the extreme difficulty in effecting a landing. All preliminary arrangements were, however, completed in time to allow operations to be undertaken and vigorously prosecuted immediately the more favourable weather of the South West monsoon set in. Since the 21st March a body of workmen have been working continuously on the rock. At first it was necessary to limit the number, owing to the difficulty in providing lodgings, and ensuring an adequate supply of water, but as soon as these obstacles were overcome by the erection of substantial quarters in brickwork, and the construction of a cistern capable of holding 6,000 gallons of water, the number was increased to sixty-five. Much had to be done to level the hard metamorphic rock to receive the foundations of the light-house, keepers' quarters, and permanent tank-house, no less than 1,000 tons of rock having to be blasted.

This work is now, however, well advanced, and I hope soon to be able to commence the masonry. In the meanwhile derricks have been erected to facilitate the landing of men and material, and a landing-place and roadway from the sea-level to the summit of the rock are nearly completed, and the material for the buildings has been prepared. The progress recently made has quite come up to my expectations, and reflects credit on those charged with the supervision of the work. It was at first thought that there would be great difficulty in getting the heat and glare would seriously affect their health. I am glad to say that so far, owing to the precautions taken for their safety and comfort, no difficulty has been found in procuring workmen, and up to the present time the locality has proved exceptionally healthy.

PRAYA RECLAMATIONS.
(a).—Work included in Ordinance No. 16th of 1889.
4. Two contracts have been let for the construction of the rubble mound which forms the base of the Praya sea wall, viz. Section No. 2, 78 1/2 lineal feet and 1,757 lineal feet of Section No. 7, and the deposit of the stone is now progressing actively at either extremity of the line of the new wall. Up to the 5th instant, 59,567 cubic yards of rubble stone had been deposited

in Section No. 2, and 35,043 cubic yards in Section No. 7, making a total of 94,610 cubic yards.
(b).—Reclamation in front of the Wharf and Godown Co.'s Wharf.
(Length 692 feet.)

5. This reclamation which is being carried out by Government under an agreement with the Wharf and Godown Company, lies west of Section No. 2. The rubble mounds have been formed, the granite footing courses of the wall laid, and the earth filling behind the wall is progressing satisfactorily.

(c).—Reclamation in front of the Sailors' Home.
6. This reclamation which it was, I understand, intended to utilize as the site of the "Western Market" is situated between the Wharf and Godown Company's Reclamation and the new Praya Section No. 1. The rubble mound for the sea wall was completed in December, 1889, and a contract was entered into on 5th February, 1890, to complete the works for the sum of \$50,800. I regret to say that we are having much trouble with the contractor.

(d).—Reclamation in front of Mr. Chatter's property Kennedy-town.
7. This work is progressing satisfactorily. The wall is brought up to 7 feet 9 inches below quay level, and the sewers and earth-filling are being pushed on. I trust this reclamation will be completed about the end of the year.

NEW CENTRAL MARKET.
8. A contract has been let to Mr. Tsang Keng for the foundations of this building; the work was commenced on 2nd May last and is now being vigorously prosecuted. A requisition for the iron beams and columns to support the upper floor has been transmitted to the Crown Agents. The detailed drawings of the market structure are nearly completed, and we shall then be prepared to receive tenders for the main structure.

9. The market as planned consists of two blocks running the whole length between the Queen's Road and the Praya. These blocks will be connected by central towers in which are provided quarters for the Inspector and watchmen. Each block contains two stories, the lower one on the Praya level, the upper floor on the Queen's Road level. The market buildings will therefore consist of four separate markets, each 295 feet long and 50 feet wide. A central avenue 20 feet wide traverses the whole length of each market, and on each side will be ranged the shops and stalls.

10. The extent of the accommodation provided is as follows:—

External area covered by Market.....square feet
Internal area of Market, both floors.....37,680
Area available for shops and stalls.....33,884

QUARTERS FOR STAFF OF CIVIL HOSPITAL.

11. A contract was entered into with Mr. Tsang Keng on the 11th November last for the completion of this building for the sum of \$42,500. The work is progressing favourably, the walls having now reached an average height of 13 feet above the ground floor.

SERVANTS' QUARTERS—CIVIL HOSPITAL.

12. A contract was entered into on 27th Jan. last with Mr. Wo Sing for the erection of this building for the sum of \$6,150. The progress made by the contractor has not, so far, been satisfactory, and it has been found necessary to take the work out of his hands.

LUNATIC ASYLUM FOR CHINESE.

13. This building is in course of erection on a piece of Government land immediately north of the European Lunatic Asylum. It is a two-storied building, with basement which may be used as store-rooms and for other purposes. The Asylum will provide accommodation for sixteen patients, each having a separate room ten feet by eight feet, with day rooms for the more tractable cases and quarters for attendants. The contract was entered into on 25th April last with Mr. Yee Hing for \$10,300. The foundations have been completed and the building is now raised to the ground floor level.

RECONSTRUCTION OF PIER AT KOWLOON POINT.

14. A contract was entered into with Mr. Chan A-toang on the 11th January last, for the removal of the old pier and the construction of a new one 73 feet in length and 45 feet wide for the sum of \$7,000. This work was completed in May last.

ADDITIONS TO GOVERNMENT HOUSE—BALL ROOM.

15. Designs for a new Ball-room and accessories have been prepared by Messrs. Palmer & Turner under my direction, and a contract has been let to Mr. Yee Hing for the main structure. The masonry is now advanced to 23 feet above the ground floor and the contractor is making good progress, as the work suffers little interruption during rainy weather, owing to the protection afforded by a huge "matted" which covers in the whole building. The contractor has undertaken to complete the work by the 15th day of March next.

16. The new building will form a wing on the eastern side of Government House and will consist of a Ball-room 60 feet long, 40 feet wide, and 26 feet high on the upper floor. It is approached from Government House by a vestibule and wide flight of steps. To the left is a billiard room and on the right a staircase descends to the basement in which are placed a large supper room, card and smoking rooms, and other conveniences. The estimated cost is \$40,000.

RECREATION GROUND—HAPPY VALLEY.

17. The improvements estimated to cost \$16,000, for which the sum of \$8,000 to be expended this year was voted by the Legislative Council on 9th ultimo, consist in filling in the round pond and improving the surface. The work has been commenced, and in my opinion very desirable improvements have already been done, should be completed by improving the watercourse on the west side of the race-course, diverting it to the westward from near the Grand Stand to a point near the Bowington Sugar Refinery, removing the weir opposite the refinery and contracting the width of the canal from the refinery to the Harbour. I hope shortly, in consultation with Mr. Chadwick (in so far as the question of main drainage is concerned), to be able to submit plans embodying these proposals which must tend to improve the sanitary condition of the locality.

NEW SLAUGHTER-HOUSE, EXTENSION OF CATTLE DEPOT AND DEPOTS FOR PIGS AND SHEEP.

18. A Committee consisting of the Hon. O. Chadwick, the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon, and the Surveyor General, having been appointed to report on the question of a site for the proposed new slaughter-house and depots for pigs and sheep, recommended that these should be erected near the present Cattle Depot. This site has the great advantage of concentrating the depots and slaughter-houses for cattle, sheep, and pigs in one locality. A plentiful supply of water, which is essential for these purposes, can be obtained from the large nullah which traverses this site, supplemented, when necessary, by the Pokfulam aqueduct. These establishments should be placed under the supervision of a European Inspector, and the site should be able to submit plans embodying these proposals which must tend to improve the sanitary condition of the locality.

19. The main streets and roads have been considerably improved, but their maintenance must be attended with some difficulty so long as the new drains and water pipes are being laid. By an organised system of road scraping the condition of the surface of the main thoroughfares in wet weather has been considerably improved.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
S. BROWN,
Surveyor General.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary.

of the locality will be amply guaranteed. A survey has been made of the site and the working drawings of the slaughter-house, and pig and sheep depots, are now in hand.

19. As regards the other public works included in this year's Estimates, I must admit that less progress has been made than I would have desired. This has arisen from various causes, but is chiefly due to the system which appears to have prevailed in the past of including in the Estimates of the year all works sanctioned by Government, irrespective of the consideration whether it was possible to execute them during the year or not. Consequently I found on my arrival that the list of "Extraordinary Public Works" in the Estimates of 1889 included the works in future to include in the Estimates of the year only, such works as there is a reasonable probability of carrying out wholly, or at least in part, during the year. Some delay has also been caused to the operations of the Department by the changes in the staff incident on the temporary separation of the water and drainage works from the Public Works Department. Now however that the departmental staff has been strengthened by the arrival of two executive engineers (Mr. Tooker and Mr. Chatham) I hope to be able to make headway with the arrears.

20. With regard to some of these works, I may add that I hope shortly to be in a position to commence the erection of the Police Stations at Aberdeen and Quarry Bay. The question of public laundries, and public latrines, has been referred to Committees of the Sanitary Board, who have sent in reports, and action may, I think, shortly be taken to carry out the recommendations of the Committees. A site has been selected and plans are being prepared for a new school for the Saiyung-pun district. Plans are nearly completed of the new offices, store-rooms and residence for the Superintendent of the Botanical and Forestry Department.

21. The Government buildings generally have been maintained in a fair state of repair. It will be necessary shortly, however, to carry out extensive repairs to the Powder Magazine at Stonecutters' Island, owing to the ravages of white ants.

22. The main streets and roads have been considerably improved, but their maintenance must be attended with some difficulty so long as the new drains and water pipes are being laid. By an organised system of road scraping the condition of the surface of the main thoroughfares in wet weather has been considerably improved.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
S. BROWN,
Surveyor General.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary.

NEWS BY THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The E. & A. S. Co.'s steamer *Arlite*, Capt. W. Ellis, arrived from Sydney and ports of call this morning. The following telegrams are taken from our exchanges:—

LONDON, June 23rd.

Colonel Sir E. Bradford, the newly-appointed Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, issued orders in connection with the movement among the Force for increased pay, shorter hours, and pensions, that the delegates appointed by the station premises in Bow-street, as arranged, in order to prevent the delegates from obtaining ingress to the building, police sentries were stationed at every door, and the inspector at the station ordered the reserves stationed at Bow-street to compel the delegates to keep the footway clear. This the reserves refused to do, and loudly cheered their comrades.

The delegates and many of the men then proceeded to the open space on the Adelphi terrace, off the Strand, and held a meeting, at which the action of the new Commissioner was denounced, and a petition was drawn up and sent to Mr. Matthews, the Home Secretary, asking him to meet the delegates at Bow-street Police Station on Monday next.

The men are greatly enraged at the action of Sir Edward Bradford, which they regard as very arbitrary, and their indignation is such that they have resolved upon a general strike of the entire Force, if any of their delegates are punished for the part they are taking in the movement.

A sergeant and a constable have been arrested for addressing another meeting. The men belonging to the station in consequence refused to go on duty until they were released.

In the House of Commons Sir James Feigueson, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in reply to a question last night stated that the Sultan has consented to the British protectorate over Zanzibar, and that French rights in that region would not be affected.

The strong political feeling which has risen for some time in consequence of the persistent refusal of the Porte to recognise Prince Ferdinand has reached a culminating point. Repeated representations have been made to the Porte by the Principality, but no answer has been given. A number of sportsmen of all ranks have presented a testimonial to the Earl of Durham in recognition of his efforts in the direction of turf reform.

It is reported that Major Wissman considers the German-English African settlement deal a death blow to the interests of Germany in Africa. News has arrived to the effect that General Francisco Menendez, president of the republic of San Salvador, died suddenly while present at a banquet. A panic followed the startling occurrence, and during the excitement and confusion which ensued, a number of soldiers killed a general and several other officers. Order, however, was soon restored.

The anti-Slavery Conference at Brussels has proved fruitless; Holland refusing to allow the Free Congo State to raise revenue from import duties.

The Constitution of the Brazilian Republic has been issued. It is based mainly upon the lines of the American Constitution.

Britain in assuming a protectorate over Zanzibar, Prince Bismarck has been interviewed with respect to the East-African agreement arrived at between England and Germany. He considers that England has the best of the bargain.

Prince Bismarck, in responding to an address presented to him by 30,000 inhabitants of Berlin, at a banquet, declared that he cannot become a dumb dog. He claimed the right to speak in the interests of peace, even if he stood alone.

The consecration of Canon Sumner Smith as Bishop of Sydney and Primate of Australia was performed in St. Paul's Cathedral to-day by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

Truth is responsible for the assertion that Lord Balfour of Burleigh will succeed Lord Carrington as Governor of New South Wales.

The match between the Australians and the Yorkshire eleven was concluded at Bradford to-day.

Intimations.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LIMITED.)

HAVE ON HAND A COMPLETE STOCK OF GLASSWARE,

consisting of:—
Sherry Glasses, Custard Glasses, Finger Bowls,
Port Glasses, Liqueur Glasses, Ice Plates,
Champagne Glasses, Soda Water Tumblers, Decanters,
Embossed Glass, Half-Pint Tumblers, Claret Decanters,
Ruby Hook Glasses, Small Tumblers, Carafes and Ups,
Jelly Glasses, Champagne Tumblers.

IN SEVERAL DESIGNS AND PATTERNS.

Also

A CHOICE STOCK OF:—

DINNER SERVICES, TEA SERVICES, TOILET SETS, EPERGNES, SPECIMEN GLASSES, and FANCY GLASS TABLE ORNAMENTS, etc., etc.

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

(LATE THE HALL & HOLTZ CO. Co., Ltd.)

Hongkong, 17th July, 1890

The following were the scores:—

AUSTRALIANS.
First Innings..... 177
Second Innings..... 141

YORKSHIRE.
First Innings..... 171
Second Innings, for two wickets... 148

Arrangements have been made by which Sporthill will play in several of the remaining matches with the Australians during their English tour.

The Triple Alliance between Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy is being renewed.

June 26th.
A drastic measure has been read the third time in the House of Commons, dealing with liability of promoters and directors of public companies. The bill will apply to companies floated after October 1st.

SCOTT'S Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is a combination of two most valuable remedies, in a palatable and easily digested form, having great healing and strengthening properties, most valuable in Consumption and wasting diseases. Read the following: "I have found Scott's Emulsion of great benefit in the treatment of phthisical and scrofulous disease. It is extremely palatable and does not upset the stomach—thus removing the great difficulty experienced in the administration of the plain oil."—D. P. KENNA, L.R.C.S., Surgeon, St. Vincent's Hospital, Dublin. Any Chemist can supply it.—A. S. Watson & Co. (Ld.), Agents in Hongkong and China.—[Advt.]

Today's

Advertisements.

DOUGLAS STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW.

THE COMPANY'S Steamship

"NAMO,"

Captain Pocock, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 24th July, at 11 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPAIR & Co., General Managers

Hongkong, 22nd July, 1890

THE SONGE KOVAH PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that unless the SECOND CALL of \$5 per Share due 7th June, 1890, on Shares of the above Company, bearing the following numbers:—2021/2030, 2751/2760, 3571/3580, 3591/3600, 139/1420, 1221/1260, 3490/3520, 10/61050, 1316/1325, 1346/1355, 1376/1380, 4608/4655, 2401/2485 is paid to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on or before WEDNESDAY, the 6th August, 1890, the said Shares will be FORFEITED in accordance with the power given in the Articles of Association.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1890.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ORDINANCES 1865 to 1886 OF HONGKONG.

CAPITAL.....\$750,000.

Divided into 15,000 Shares of \$50 each of which 5,000 Shares are to be issued and credited with \$25 a share paid up in part payment of purchase money; 7,000 shares have been applied for and will be allotted and the remaining 3,000 shares are now offered to the Public and are payable for as follows, viz.:

\$10 per Share, as Deposit, on Application.

\$15 on Allotment.

\$25 when and as the same shall from time to time be called up under the provisions contained in the Articles of Association of the Company.

BOARD:

The Hon. DR. HO KAI.

GEORGE RICHARD STEVENS, Esq.

DORABJEE NOWROJEE, Esq.

BANKERS:

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, 1, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

SOLICITORS:

Messrs. WORTON & DEACON, 35, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

THIS Company has been formed for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise acquiring all those pieces or parcels of Land situate at Victoria in the Island of Hongkong, and Registered in the Land Office as Sections A, B, C and D, and the Remaining Portion of Marine Lot No. 13, and Section A of Marine Lot No. 12, together with the tenement and buildings

Today's Advertisements.

THE CHINA SHIPPERS' MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship "PINGSUEY"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, are being landed at their risk, into the Godowns, of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent in to the Office of the Undersigned before Noon, on the 28th instant, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 28th inst., at 4 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 28th inst., will be subject to rent.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon, TO-DAY, the 22nd inst.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ARNOLD, KARBURG & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd July, 1890. [1075]

Consignees.

MOGUL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "ALBERTA," FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk, into the Godowns of the Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 4 P.M., TO-DAY.

Consignees are required to sign an average bond and pay a deposit before taking delivery of their cargo.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 26th inst., will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 26th inst., or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1890. [1042]

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Steamship "OCEANIC" The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

CHAS. D. HARMAN, Agent.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1890. [12]

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "PARTHIA," FROM VANCOUVER, YOKOHAMA, NAGASAKI AND SHANGHAI.

THE above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Counter-signature, and take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 18th July, 1890. [41]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "BRECONSHIRE," FROM HAMBURG, ANTWERP, LONDON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods, are being landed at their risk, into the Godowns of the Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon, TO-MORROW, the 18th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining after the 24th inst., will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Undersigned on or before the 24th instant, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 17th July, 1890. [1037]

KUHN & CO.,

JAPANESE AND CHINESE FINE

ART DEPOT.

21 & 23, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1890. [1072]

HONGKONG ATHLETIC CLUB.

THE Meeting of the Members of this Club, called for FRIDAY, the 18th inst., is POSTPONED until FRIDAY, the 25th inst., at 5 p.m., at the Hongkong Hotel. The exact form which the proposed Grant of Land by the Government to the Club is to take is still under consideration of the Government, and Members are respectfully requested to acquiesce in the postponement, so that a definite statement may be laid before them at the Meeting.

Business to be brought before the Meeting.

1.—Confirmation of previous Meeting.

2.—Discussion of proposed Memorandum and Articles of Association.

3.—Election of General Committee (by ballot).

4.—Vote of Thanks to the Government for grant of land.

W. H. YOUNG, Hon. Sec. pro tem.

Hongkong, 17th July, 1890. [1016]

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY Co., LIMITED.

A N INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum for the six months ending 30th June, 1890, will be payable on the 23rd inst., on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office, No. 5, Queen's Road Central.

By Order of the Board of Directors, R. B. ALLEN, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1890. [1053]

A H F O O K.

SHIP'S COMPANION & STEVEDORE, PRICES.

Cabin Beef	7 cents per lb.
Crew Beef	6 " "
Vegetables	2 " "
Bread	4 " "
Mutton	18 " "
Fruits	4 " "
Pork	9 " "
Fish and Prawns	9 " "
Veal	9 " "
Fowls and Ducks	\$1.60 per dozen.
Geese	900 "
Eggs	80 cents per 100
Stone Ballast	40 " ton.
Shingle do.	55 " "
Discharging Rice	5 " "
Loading General Cargo	6 " "

No. 8, PRAYA CENTRAL.

WING WOO STREET.

Hongkong, 21st July, 1890. [1071]

HING KEE HOTEL, MACAO.

THE above establishment has been REMOVED to a better and larger House on Praya Grande Central.

L. HING KEE, Proprietor.

Macao, 8th July, 1890. [1024]

HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

To take effect from 1st May.

The CARS RUN between St. John's Place and Victoria Gap as follows:—

WEEK DAYS.

8 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.

12 to 1 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

1 to 2 P.M. every half hour.

4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

THURSDAYS.

NIGHT TRAM at 10.30 and 11 P.M.

SUNDAYS.

CHURCH TRAM at 10.40 A.M.

12 (NOON) to 2 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

9, 10, 10.30 and 11 P.M.

Special Cars may be obtained on application to the Superintendent.

Single Tickets are sold in the Cars, Five-Cent Coupons and Reduced Tickets at the Office.

MACWEN, FRICKEL & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1890. [698]

A. G. GORDON & CO., LIMITED.

ENGINEERS, LAUNCH BUILDERS, GENERAL AND GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS, IRONMONGERS, COMMISSION AGENTS, VALUATORS, IRON and TIMBER MERCHANTS.

WORKS:

BOWRINGTON, EAST POINT.

OFFICE:

9, PRAYA CENTRAL.

STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1890. [54]

THOMAS KERR & CO.

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS AND CONTRACTORS, YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS, Kowloon.

OFFICE—No. 23, Pottinger Street.

Hongkong, 6th June, 1890. [126]

GRIFFITH'S

NEW PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO, No. 2, Duddell Street.

(Between the New Oriental Bank, and Mr. Lammett's Auction Rooms, Entrance from Duddell Street or Ice House St.

MR. GRIFFITH'S STUDIO is open daily from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M. for producing First-class PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS in all the latest styles. Views of Hongkong and the Coast Ports, with choice illustrations of Chinese life and character, always ready.

Portraits enlarged to life size and painted in Oils or Water Colours by First-class Artists. Miniatures on Ivory, and all kinds of reproductions.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1890. [1542]

Geo. Fenwick & Co., LIMITED,

VICTORIA FOUNDRY, WANCHAI.

ENGINEERS, IRON and BRASS FOUNDERS, GOVERNMENT & GENERAL CONTRACTORS, &c.

Established 1880.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1890. [105]

NOTICE.

JAY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JAY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices, Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.

Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board London, says:—

"It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co., Bank Buildings.

Hongkong, 10th June, 1888. [12]

Intimations.

STENOGRAPHER (French and English) good Spanish Correspondent, works Remington typewriter rapidly, SEEKS SITUATION. Advertiser is an Englishman aged 21. Can furnish good references and testimonials.

Apply to H. HALL, c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1890. [1063]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

In the Matter of a Deed of Release and Assignment by ALEXANDER MCGILASHAN HEATON of the First part, ADA ELIZABETH FANNY HEATON of the Second part, all the Creditors of the said ALEXANDER MCGILASHAN HEATON of the Third part, and CHARLES DAVID BOTTOMLEY and CATCHICK PAUL CHATER therein described as Trustees of the Fourth part, And in the matter of Ordinance No. 7 of 1873.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Acting Chief Justice of Hongkong made herein on the 17th day of June, 1890. All Persons claiming to be interested under the above mentioned Indenture dated the 24th November, 1879, executed by the said ALEXANDER MCGILASHAN HEATON, late of Victoria, Hongkong, Broker, for the benefit of his Creditors, and by their Solicitors on or before the 1st day of September next, to come and prove their Claims at the Chambers of the Acting Chief Justice of Hongkong, Supreme Court House, Victoria aforesaid, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from sharing in the distribution of the trust fund.

Dated the 18th day of July, 1890.

WOTTON & DEACON, Solicitors in the matter of the Petition, 35, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN CO., LD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A N EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Chamber of Commerce Room, City Hall, at 12.30 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 5th August, to confirm the following Resolution passed at the Meeting held this day.

"Resolved that Mr. C. S. Taylor and Mr. H. Wickel elected by the Shareholders and the Hon. C. P. Chater and Mr. L. P. Becker, elected by the Directors, be and hereby are appointed a Committee to investigate, examine and report upon the working of the business of this Company."

By Order, EDWARD OSBORNE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1890. [1065]

CAPTAIN GEORGE TAYLOR,

INLAND SEA AND JAPAN COAST PILOT

Telegraphic Address: POWERS, Nagasaki.

Hongkong, 8th April, 1890. [571]

THE SONGEI KOYAH PLANTING Co., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that Shares Nos. 2450/2460 Scrip No. 112 in the above Company have been declared forfeited for non-payment of FIRST CALL due 16th August, 1889, and fresh Scrip has been issued for the same.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1890. [1051]

THE SONGEI KOYAH PLANTING Co., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that unless the 2nd CALL of \$5 per share due 7th June, 1890, on shares of the above Company Nos. 725/730, 3475/3495, 2585/3655, 2671/2675, 3441/3445, 4105/4150, 4201/4250, 1276/4285, 4301/4310 is paid to the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation on or before the 31st inst. the said shares will be forfeited in accordance with the power given in the articles of association.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1890. [1054]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

In the Matter of the Estate of MARIE ELISE FURNIER, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Honourable the Acting Chief Justice having in virtue of Section 3 of Ordinance 9 of 1870 made an Order limiting to the 31st October next, the time for sending in CLAIMS against the said Estate. All Creditors are hereby required to send in their Claims to the Undersigned before the said date.

Dated the 16th day of July, 1890.

BRUCE SHEPHERD, Acting Registrar.

BRITISH MERCANTILE MARINE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

This Association is formed for:—

I.—The purpose of countervailing influences that are, and for a very long time have been, acting against the interests of officers of the British Mercantile Marine.

II.—To watch over and guard the interests of its members.

III.—To maintain the proper dignity of the profession.

N.B.—PUBLIC MEETINGS of this Association will be held at 8.30 P.M., every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at No. 2, HIGH STREET—the temporary quarters—until further notice.

All Masters and Officers are cordially invited to join.

By direction of the Committee. Hongkong, 28th May, 1890. [1010]

W. S. MARTEN,

ARTISTIC DECORATOR, AND HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENT, 2, DUDDELL STREET, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1890. [1574]

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

From August 1st. TWO GOOD ROOMS, with Bath Room, in the Caine Road. Rent moderate. Splendid View of the Harbour.

Apply to W. S. MARTEN, 2, Duddell Street.

Hongkong, 3rd July, 1890. [1999]

Intimations.



GOVERNMENT MILLS.

TENDERS for SPECIE, MEXICAN DOLLARS current in this Colony and weighing 7.17 in Exchange for Sterling Bills drawn at 10 days sight on the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, London, will be received by the District Paymaster, Army Pay Department, until 11 A.M., TO-MORROW, the 23rd instant.

The Tenders to state the total amount required (in pounds Sterling) and the amount for which each Bill should be drawn. No Bills will be issued for sums less than £100.

The Tenders to be in duplicate in sealed covers addressed to the District Paymaster, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved.

T. C. DEMPSTER, Major, for Colonel, Chief Paymaster, China.

Her Majesty's Treasury Office, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 21st July, 1890. [1070]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Forty-eighth Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 18, Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Central, on FRIDAY, the 1st August, at 12 o'clock at Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Account, declaring a Dividend, and electing Directors and Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 19th July to 1st August, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, T. ARNOLD, Secretary.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1890. [1045]

THE SHAMFEN HOTEL BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably situated within a few minutes walk of the River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive Visitors.

The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting Room, and accommodation generally will be found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.

The Table D'Hôte is supplied with every luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experienced hands.

Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, etc., of the best quality only.

C. BOND, Manager.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1890. [1047]

Insurances.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, ESTABLISHED 1825.

INVESTED FUNDS £7,000,000 Sigs. ANNUAL INCOME £900,000 Sigs.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, SHANGHAI: R. E. WAINWRIGHT, Esq. AUGUSTUS WHITE, Esq. F. H. BELL, Esq. M.D., Medical Officer. NEIL MACLEOD, Esq., M.D., Medical Officer.

W. T. PHIPPS, Esq., Chief Agent.

AGENCIES: Amoy—Messrs. Brown & Co. Canton—Messrs. Rowe & Co. Chefoo—Messrs. Cornabe & Co. Foochow—Messrs. Phipps, Phipps & Co. Hankow—W. F. Sharp, Esq. Kobe—Messrs. Brown & Co. Nagasaki—China & Japan Trading Co., Ltd. Newchwang—Messrs. Bandinel & Co. Ningbo—Messrs. Kaitau & Co. Peking—Dr. Dudgeon, Medical Officer. Swatow—Messrs. Bradley & Co. Tientsin—Messrs. Wilson & Co. Yokohama—Messrs. Fraser, Farley & Co.

The Standard is an old and wealthy